Otago Community Hospice Trust

Otago Community Hospice Trust Consolidated Financial Statements For the year ended 30th June 2022

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Otago Community Hospice Trust Trust Directory As at 30th June 2022

NATURE OF BUSINESS

Hospice

CHARITIES SERVICES REGISTRATION NUMBER

CC20590

OFFICE

293 North Road North East Valley Dunedin 9041

TRUSTEES

Stuart McLauchlan (Chairperson)
Tony McKewen (Deputy Chairperson)
Peter McIntyre
Rachel Brazil
Jenny Guthrie
Murray Tilyard
Merrin Bath
Ross Parry
Natalia Dowrick
Wendi Raumati
Donna Matahaere-Atariki

ACCOUNTANTS

G S McLauchlan & Co Limited P O Box 743 DUNEDIN 9054

AUDITORS

Audit Professionals P O Box 620 DUNEDIN 9054

BANKERS

ANZ Bank New Zealand Limited

SOLICITORS

Wilkinson Rodgers Lawyers

CONTROLLED ENTITY

The Gordon Allen Foundation Trust

Otago Community Hospice Trust Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expenses For the year ended 30th June 2022

	Note	2022	2021
		\$	\$
Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions			
Rendering of Services		4,194,811	4,307,809
Sale of Donated Goods		1,933,829	2,087,054
Fundraising and Donations		1,763,307	1,379,927
Covid-19 Wages Subsidy/Leave Support Scheme	22	12,959	528,324
Government Grants		9,064	25,553
Grants Revenue		339,348	327,977
		8,253,318	8,656,644
Revenue from Exchange Transactions			
Rendering of Services		66,832	5,222
Other Income		49,864	39,240
Investment Income		607,696	279,189
		724,392	323,651
		-	
Total Revenue		8,977,710	8,980,295
Expenses			
Direct Cost of Charity Shops and Public Fundraising		346,333	358,593
Wages, Salaries, Volunteer and Employment Costs		6,426,841	5,716,179
Service Delivery Costs		293,614	256,640
Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	8&9	310,393	319,705
Other Overhead and Administration Expenses		686,134	575,753
Total Expenses	4	8,063,315	7,226,870
Total Surplus for the Year		914,395	1,753,425
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense – revaluation of			
shares			
	13	(1,011,640)	688,861

Otago Community Hospice Trust Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity For the year ended 30th June 2022

	Accumulated Comprehensive Revenue and Expense \$	Share Revaluation Reserve	Special Reserves \$	Total Equity \$
Opening Balance 1 July 2021	16,775,769	2,151,710	-	18,927,479
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	914,395	(1,011,640)	-	(97,245)
Transfer (from) Special Reserves	-	-	-	-
Closing Equity 30 June 2022	17,690,164	1,140,070	-	18,830,234

	Accumulated Comprehensive Revenue and Expense	Share Revaluation Reserve	Special Reserves	Total Equity
	\$		\$	\$
Opening Balance 1 July 2020	14,826,389	1,658,804	-	16,485,193
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	1,753,425	688,861	-	2,442,286
Transfer (from) Special Reserve	195,955	(195,955)	-	-
Closing Equity 30 June 2021	16,775,769	2,151,710	_	18,927,479

The accompanying notes form part of these consolidated financial statements and Independent Auditor's Report.



Otago Community Hospice Trust Consolidated Statement of Financial Position As at 30th June 2022

	Note	2022 \$	2021 \$
Current Assets		3	3
Cash and Cash Equivalents	5	1,325,280	1,851,395
Trade and Other Receivables	6	764,165	521,675
Prepayments		91,773	41,667
Investments	7	7,204,468	5,413,456
		9,385,686	7,828,193
Non-Current Assets			
Investments	7	4,599,723	5,836,014
Intangible Assets	8	1,214	4,318
Property, Plant and Equipment	9	6,176,353	6,297,085
		10,777,290	12,137,417
Total Assets		20,162,976	19,965,610
Current Liabilities			
Trade and Other Payables	10	295,853	226,280
Employee Entitlements		715,912	704,256
Deferred Revenue	11	320,977	76,440
Finance Leases Payable	15	-	31,155
		1,332,742	1,038,131
Total Liabilities		1,332,762	1,038,131
Net Assets		18,830,234	18,927,479
Represented by:			
Equity			
Accumulated Comprehensive Revenue and Expense		17,690,164	16,775,769
Share Revaluation Reserve		1,140,070	2,151,710
Special Reserves		1,140,070	2,131,710
Total Equity	13	18,830,234	18,927,479

Signed for and on behalf of the Board of Trustees who authorised these consolidated financial statements for issue

onday of	october	20	2022
Trustee	Leur.	Trustee _	th Ambur

The accompanying notes form part of these consolidated financial statements and Independent Auditor's Report.



Otago Community Hospice Trust Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended 30th June 2022

	Note	2022 \$	2021 \$
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		Ψ	Ψ
Cash was provided from:			
Fundraising, Donations and Grants		4,046,843	3,701,507
Government Grants		9,064	25,553
Receipts from Goods & Services provided, Non Exchange			
Transactions		4,196,975	4,361,005
Receipts from Goods & Services provided, Exchange Transactions		120,143	52,010
Investments Income Receipts		336,866	272,281
Goods and Services Tax (net) Received		2,550	30,420
Cod and Political		8,712,441	8,442,776
Cash was applied to:		1 270 262	1 127 225
Payments to Suppliers		1,270,363	1,127,335
Payments to Employees		6,419,557	5,542,878
N. C. I. Fl. C. O. di attitu		7,689,920	6,670,213
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities		1,022,521	1,772,563
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Cash was provided from:		2 700 (02	1 107 100
Receipts from the sale of Investments		2,700,693	1,185,188
		2,700,693	1,185,188
Cash was applied to:		170 100	100.062
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangibles Payments to purchase Investments		178,122	198,063
rayments to purchase investments		4,039,689 4,217,811	3,244,803 3,442,866
Net Cash Flows (to) Investing Activities		(1,517,118)	(2,257,678)
Net Cash Flows (to) thresting Activities		(1,317,116)	(2,237,678)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities			
Cash was applied to:			
Repayments of finance lease principal		31,155	60,484
Interest paid on finance lease		363	2,552
		31,518	63,036
Net Cash Flows (to) Financing Activities		(31,518)	(63,036)
Net (decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(526,115)	(548,151)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Year		1,851,395	2,399,546
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year	5	1,325,280	1,851,395

Note that the Cash and Cash Equivalents balances shown above do not include Bank Deposits that have original maturities greater than three months as they are shown separately as investments.

The accompanying notes form part of these consolidated financial statements and Independent Auditor's Report.



1. REPORTING ENTITY

The reporting entity, Otago Community Hospice Trust (the "Trust") is domiciled in New Zealand and is a charitable trust incorporated under the Charitable Trusts Act 1957 and a registered charity under the Charities Act 2005. The 2022 consolidated financial statements comprise Otago Community Hospice Trust and its controlled entity, The Gordon Allen Foundation Trust (the "Foundation"). The Foundation was previously called Otago Hospice Foundation Trust but changed its name on 29 May 2019 to recognise the contribution from Gordon Allen.

These consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes summarise the financial results of activities carried out by Otago Community Hospice Trust and its controlled entity. The Trust provides hospice services in Otago and the Foundation receives and invests funds to provide specialist palliative care of the terminally ill in the province of Otago.

The Board of Trustees is of the view that the Trust is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes, as its primary objective is to provide services to the community for social benefit and has been established with a view supporting that primary objective rather than a financial return. These consolidated financial statements have been approved and were authorised for issue by the Board of Trustees as per the date on the Statement of Financial Position.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

a) Statement of Compliance

The Otago Community Hospice Trust's consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Charities Act 2005, which requires compliance with Generally Accepted Accounting Practice in New Zealand ("NZ GAAP"). They comply with Public Benefit Entity Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime ("PBE Standards RDR") and other applicable financial reporting standards as appropriate that have been authorised for use by the External Reporting Board for Tier 2 Not-For-Profit public benefit entities. For the purposes of complying with NZ GAAP, the Otago Community Hospice Trust is a public benefit not-for-profit entity and is eligible to apply Tier 2 Not-For-Profit PBE Accounting Standards on the basis that it does not have public accountability and it is not defined as large as operating expenditure falls below the threshold of \$30 million per annum.

b) Basis of Measurement

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of historical cost, unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy. It is assumed that the Trust and its subsidiary will continue as a going concern.

c) Functional and Presentation Currency

The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars (\$), which is the Otago Community Hospice Trust's functional currency. All financial information presented in New Zealand dollars has been rounded to the nearest dollar.



d) Changes in Accounting Policies

There have been no changes in accounting policies of the Group compared to the previous year.

3. SPECIFIC ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements as set out below.

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the annual results, and assets and liabilities of all Otago Community Hospice Trust's various activities and its controlled entity as at 30 June 2022. Otago Community Hospice Trust and its controlled entity together are referred to in these consolidated financial statements as the Group. The details of Group entities are set out in note 16.

The Group controls an entity if it has power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to benefit from that entity's activities. Controlled entities which form part of the Group are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from when control ceases.

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for the business combinations by the Group. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets given, and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any non-controlling interest.

Intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group entities are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of the impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of controlled entities have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group. The financial statements of the controlled entity are prepared for the same 30 June reporting period as the Otago Community Hospice Trust.

3.1 REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the Trust and revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received. The following specific recognition criteria must be met before revenue is recognised.



Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions

A non-exchange transaction is where the Trust either receives value from another entity without directly giving approximately equal value in exchange, or gives value to another entity without directly receiving approximately equal value in exchange.

Where non-exchange revenue is received with conditions attached, the asset is recognised with a matching liability. As the conditions are satisfied the liability is decreased and revenue recognised.

When non-exchange revenue is received with restrictions attached, but there is no requirement to return the asset if not deployed as specified, then revenue is recognised on the earlier of receipt or confirmation of funding.

Condition stipulation – funds received are required to be used for a specific purpose, with a requirement to return unused funds.

Restriction stipulation - funds received are required to be used for a specific purpose, with no requirement to return unused funds.

Donations

Goods donated to the Trust's charity shops are recognises as revenue when the donated goods are sold. Other donations are recognised as revenue upon receipt and include donations from the general public, donations received for specific fundraising events and donated assets.

The Trust has benefited from significant donations of services by volunteers. Although recognised as a major contribution to the Trust's operations, these contributions are not recognised in these consolidated financial statements because of the difficulty in determining their value with reliability. Donations of significant assets, for use by the Trust, are recognised at fair value at the date of the donation.

Grant Revenue

Grant revenue includes grants given by other charitable organisations, philanthropic organisations, local government and central government agencies. Grant revenue is recorded as revenue at the earlier of notification of approval of the grant, or receipt of the funding. Where there are unfulfilled conditions attaching to the grant, the amount relating to the unfulfilled condition is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled. Grants received during the year are acknowledged in the Annual Report, which is available on the Trust's website, or the Charities Services website for its controlled entity The Gordon Allen Foundation Trust.

Revenue from Exchange Transactions

Exchange revenue is recognised when the significant risks and rewards have been transferred to the buyer on delivery of the goods or services and when the amount of revenue can be measured reliably



and it is probable that the economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to the Trust.

Contract Revenue

The Trust receives funding from various government agencies for carrying out the services specified in the relevant contracts. Revenue is recorded as revenue when the Trust has the rights to the funding, in the period in which the related services have been performed in accordance to the substance of the agreement.

Event income

Event income is recorded as revenue when the function or event takes place.

Charity Shops

Charity Shop income is recognised on a cash basis at the time of sale.

3.2 CURRENT ASSETS

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

Prepayments

Prepayments include insurances, membership, subscription, staff travel and education, and expenses that relate to periods after balance date.

Trade and Other Receivables

Trade and other receivables are measured at their cost less any impairment losses.

An allowance for impairment is established where there is objective evidence the Trust will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivable. This impairment loss is the difference between receivables' carrying value and the net present value of amounts expected to be collected and be recognised in the surplus or deficit.

Inventories

The Trust has taken advantage of the Donated Goods (Amendments to PBE IPSAS 23) RDR exemption as it is not practicable to measure reliably the fair value of those donated goods at the date of acquisition because the costs of recognising the goods outweigh the benefits.



3.3 NON-CURRENT ASSETS

Property, Plant and Equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. Where an asset is acquired through a non-exchange transaction, its cost is measured at its fair value as at the date of acquisition. The cost of assets purchased for the charity shops are stated inclusive of GST as per note 3.8 Goods and Services Tax (GST).

Depreciation is charged on either straight line or diminishing value over the useful life of all assets, except for land. Depreciation is charged at rates calculated to allocate the cost or valuation of the asset less any estimated residual value over its remaining useful life. Depreciation is calculated at the following rates on each class of property, plant and equipment:

Buildings & Improvements

1% straight line to 40% diminishing value

Motor Vehicle

20% to 30% diminishing value

Furniture, Fittings & Plant

8% to 67% diminishing value

Computer Software

40% to 50% diminishing value

The residual value, useful life, and depreciation methods of property, plant and equipment and intangibles are reviewed annually.

Intangible Assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The Otago Community Hospice Trust does not hold any intangible assets that have an indefinite life.

Intangible assets acquired by the Trust which have finite useful lives, are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses. Amortisation is recognised on a diminishing value basis over the estimated useful life of the asset, from the date they are available for use and expensed in the reported surplus or deficit for the year.

The following amortisation rates have been applied to each class of intangible assets:

Computer software

40%-50% diminishing value

Computer licences

50% diminishing value

Intangible assets are assessed annually.

Purchased computer software licences are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and install the specific software. Subsequent expenditure is expensed as incurred. Costs associated with maintaining computer software, i.e. expenditure relating to patches and other minor updates as well as their installation, is expensed as incurred.



3.4 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Otago Community Hospice Trust becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus transaction costs attributable to the acquisition, except for those carried at fair value through surplus or deficit, which are measured at fair value.

The Otago Community Hospice Trust derecognises a financial asset or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or are waived, or the Otago Community Hospice Trust has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party; and either:

- The Trust has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset; or
- The Trust has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

A financial liability is derecognised when it is extinguished, discharged, cancelled or expired.

Financial Assets

Financial assets are classified as financial assets at fair value through surplus or deficit, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments or available-for-sale financial assets. The classifications of the financial assets are determined at initial recognition and this designation is re-evaluated at every reporting date. The categorisation determines subsequent measurement and whether any resulting income and expense is recognised in surplus or deficit or in other comprehensive revenue and expenses.

The Otago Community Hospice Trust's financial assets are classified loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments or available-for-sale financial assets. The Trust's financial assets include: cash and cash equivalents, investments and receivables from exchange and non-exchange transactions.

Loans and Receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial recognition, these are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any allowance for impairment. The Trust's cash and cash equivalents, receivables from exchange and non-exchange transactions and investments in bank term deposits fall into this category of financial instruments.



Held-to- Maturity Investments

Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities are classified as held to maturity when the Board has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. Held-to-maturity financial assets are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment losses. Held-to-maturity financial assets are the New Zealand corporate bonds and local Government bonds.

Available-for-Sale Financial Assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available-for-sale or are not classified in any of the above categories of financial assets. Available-for-sale financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value with gains or losses recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expense and presented in the revaluation reserve. Upon de-recognition, the accumulated gain or loss with net assets/equity is reclassified to surplus or deficit. Available-for-sale financial assets comprise listed equity securities/shares.

Impairment of Financial Assets

The Trustees assess at the end of reporting date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, if there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on loans and receivables carried at amortised cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account. The amount of the loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit for the reporting period.

If in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed by adjusting the allowance account. If the reversal results in the carrying amount exceeding its amortised cost, the amount of reversal is recognised in surplus or deficit.

Impairment losses on available-for-sale financial assets are recognised by reclassifying the losses accumulated in the fair value reserve in net assets/equity to surplus or deficit. The cumulative loss that is reclassified from net assets/equity to surplus or deficit is the difference between the acquisition cost, net of any principal repayment and amortisation, and the current fair value, less any impairment loss recognised previously in surplus or deficit.



Changes in impairment provisions attributable to application of the effective interest method are reflected as a component of interest income. If, in a subsequent period, the fair value of an impaired available-for-sale equity security increases and the increase can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, then the impairment loss is reversed, with the amount of the reversal recognised in surplus or deficit. However, any subsequent recovery in the fair value of an impaired available-for-sale equity security is recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expense.

Financial Liabilities

The Trust's financial liabilities include trade and other creditors (excluding GST) and finance lease payable. They are classified as financial liabilities measured at amortised cost. All financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

3.5 CURRENT LIABILITIES

Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Trade payables are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

Employee Entitlements

Employee entitlements that are due to be settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at the current rate of pay. These included salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, annual leave and time in lieu earned to but not yet taken at balance date.

Deferred Revenue

Monies received prior to the end of the financial year where there are unfulfilled conditions existing are recorded as Deferred Revenue until the conditions have been met.

3.6 LEASES

Finance Leases

These are leases which the Group assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. Upon initial recognition, the leased asset is measured at an amount equal to its fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Subsequent to initial recognition, the asset is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to that asset.



Operating Leases

Payments of operating lease agreements, where the lessor retains substantially the risk and rewards of ownership of an asset, are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

3.7 INCOME TAX

The Trust has been granted charitable status and as such is exempt from income tax pursuant to the Income Tax Act 2007.

3.8 GOODS AND SERVICES TAX (GST)

The Trust and its controlled entity are registered for GST. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared with both income and expenditure items exclusive of GST, with the exception of items relating to the sale of donated goods. In the Statement of Financial Position, accounts receivable and accounts payable are both inclusive of GST (if any). Other assets and liabilities are exclusive of GST. The net amount of GST recoverable from or payable to the Inland Revenue Department is shown as a separate item in current assets or current liabilities. Cash flows are included in the Statement of Cash Flows exclusive of GST.

The Trust operates charity shops which sell donated goods. In terms of the Goods and Services Act 1985, the sale of donated goods is an exempt supply, so income and expenditure, prepayments, accounts payable, and fixed asset purchases in relation to these activities are inclusive of GST (if any).

3.9 EQUITY

Equity is made up of the following components:

Accumulated Comprehensive Revenue and Expense

Accumulated comprehensive revenue and expense is the Otago Community Hospice Trust's accumulated surpluses or deficits since its formation, adjusted for transfers to/from reserves.

Special Reserves

Special reserves are shown when funds are identified for special purposes.

3.10 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of the Otago Community Hospice Trust's consolidated financial statements in conformity with PBE Standards RDR requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the



accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

Judgements

In the process of applying the Otago Community Hospice Trust's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

Operating Lease Commitments

The Otago Community Hospice Trust has entered into a number of leases.

The Trust has determined, based on an evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, such as the lease term not constituting a substantial portion of the economic life of the assets, that it does not retain all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of these properties and accounts for the contracts as operating leases.

Estimates and Assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Otago Community Hospice Trust based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond the control of the Otago Community Hospice Trust. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

Useful Lives and Residual Values

The useful lives and residual values of assets are assessed using the following indicators to determine potential future use and value from disposal:

- The condition of the asset
- The nature of the asset, its susceptibility and adaptability to changes in technology and processes
- The nature of the processes in which the asset is deployed
- Changes in the market in relation to the asset



4. TOTAL EXPENSES

Expenses in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expenses includes the following specific expenses:

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Accounting	68,768	64,211
Audit Fees	11,050	10,800
Computer Expenses	99,867	59,163
Electricity, Gas & Water	69,126	59,567
Insurances	89,240	84,197
Other Expenses including Wages	7,725,264	6,948,932
Total Expenses	8,063,315	7,226,870

5. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include the following components:

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Cash Float – NZ dollars	2,750	3,100
Cash at Bank – NZ dollars	1,229,267	1,799,329
 Australian dollars 	84,146	26,309
British pound	3,637	7,512
 American dollars 	4,571	15,145
– Euro dollars	909	_
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,325,280	1,851,395

6. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2022	2021
Receivables – Exchange Transactions	\$	\$
Trade Receivables	23,405	19,106
Related Party Receivables	2,376	575
Accrued Interest	28,275	33,643
Receivables – Non Exchange Transactions		
Trade Receivables	410,109	398,730
Grants Receivable	300,000	69,621
Total Trade and Other Receivables	764,165	521,675



7.	IN	V	ES	TN	TEN	TS

7. HVESTMENTS			
		2022	2021
Current Assets		\$	\$
Loans and receivables			
Bank deposits		164,771	573,802
Available-for-sale financial assets			
Shares (New Zealand publicly listed)		2,631,945	2,157,442
Shares (Australia publicly listed)		1,930,864	1,394,448
Shares (International publicly listed)		2,476,888	1,287,764
		7,039,697	4,839,654
		7,204,468	5,413,456
Non-current Assets			
Held-to-maturity financial assets			
Debt securities (corporate and government	nt bonds and notes)	4,599,723	5,836,014
		4,599,723	5,836,014
		11,804,191	11,249,470
8. INTANGIBLE ASSETS			
		2022	2022
	2022	Accum	Book
	Cost	Amort	Value
	\$	\$	\$
Acquired Computer Software	16,237	15,135	1,102
Licences	21,680	21,568	112
	37,917	36,703	1,214

Reconciliation of the carrying amount at the beginning and end of the period:

	Opening Balance 30/6/21	Additions	Disposals	Amortisation	Net Book Value 30/6/22
	\$			\$	\$
Acquired Computer Software	4,093	-	1,890	1,101	1,102
Licences	225	-	-	113	112
	4,318	-	1,890	1,214	1,214



8. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

		2021	2021
	2021	Accum	Book
	Cost	Amort	Value
	\$	\$	\$
Acquired Computer Software	42,391	38,298	4,093
Licences	21,680	21,455	225
	64,071	59,753	4,318

Reconciliation of the carrying amount at the beginning and end of the period:

	Opening Balance 30/6/20	Additions	Disposals	Amortisation	Net Book Value 30/6/21
	\$			\$	\$
Acquired Computer Software	8,328	-	142	4,093	4,093
Licences	451	-	-	226	225
	8,779	_	142	4,319	4,318

9. PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

		2022	2022
	2022	Accum	Book
	Cost	Dep	Value
	\$	\$	\$
Land	1,090,308	-	1,090,308
Buildings	5,962,486	1,411,828	4,550,658
Motor Vehicle	596,924	387,548	209,376
Furniture, Fittings and Plant	1,148,973	822,962	326,011
	8,798,691	2,622,338	6,176,353

Reconciliation of the carrying amount at the beginning and end of the period:

	Opening Balance 30/6/21	Additions	Disposals	Depreciation	Net Book Value 30/6/22
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Land	1,090,308	-	-	-	1,090,308
Buildings	4,614,345	60,312	553	123,446	4,550,658
Motor Vehicle	253,141	39,122	-	82,887	209,376
Furniture, Fittings and Plant	339,291	92,858	3,292	102,846	326,011
	6,297,085	192,292	3,845	309,179	6,176,353

The Group owns land and buildings in Dunedin and Oamaru which has the latest rateable value of \$7,340,000.



9. PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

	2021 Cost	2021 Accum Dep	2021 Book Value
	\$	\$	\$
Land	1,090,308	-	1,090,308
Buildings	5,903,448	1,289,103	4,614,345
Motor Vehicle	557,802	304,661	253,141
Furniture and Fittings and Plant	1,068,374	729,083	339,291
	8,619,932	2,322,847	6,297,085

Reconciliation of the carrying amount at the beginning and end of the period:

	Opening Balance 30/6/20	Additions	Disposals	Depreciation	Net Book Value 30/6/21
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Land	1,090,308	-	-	-	1,090,308
Buildings	4,733,935	26,192	16,903	128,879	4,614,345
Motor Vehicle	262,805	77,052	-	86,716	253,141
Furniture and Fittings and Plant	354,700	91,434	7,052	99,791	339,291
	6,441,748	194,678	23,955	315,386	6,297,085

10. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Payables – Exchange Transactions	Ψ	y
Trade Payables and Accrued Expenses	156,437	85,788
Related Party Payables	43,006	34,103
GST Payable	96,410	106,389
Total Trade and Other Payables	295,853	226,280

11. **DEFERRED REVENUE**

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Unexpended Grants	320,997	76,440
Total Income in Advance	320,997	76,440



12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related party transactions arise when an entity or person(s) has the ability to significantly influence the financial and operating policies of the Trust.

The Trust has a related party relationship with its Trustees and other key management personnel. The following transactions were carried out with related parties:

Purchases and Payables

G S McLauchlan & Co Ltd is contracted to provide accounting services to the Trust. Mr Stuart McLauchlan is a trustee of the Group and a partner in the firm G S McLauchlan & Co Ltd. Transactions between the Group and G S McLauchlan & Co Ltd are on a discounted commercial arms length basis. \$88,969 (GST exclusive) for accountancy services and consultancy fees are included in these consolidated financial statements (2021: \$80,500). A balance of \$44,988 was outstanding as at 30 June 2022 (2021: \$37,700).

Wilkinson Rodgers Lawyers is contracted to provide legal services to the Group. Jenny Guthrie is a trustee of the Trust and Geoff Mirkin is a trustee of the Foundation, and both are partners in the firm Wilkinson Rodgers Lawyers. Legal services of \$18,471 (GST inclusive) were conducted with the Group during the year (2021: \$240). \$3,220 was outstanding at balance date (2021: \$Nil).

Mr Greg Easton was appointed trustee and Deputy Chair of the Foundation Board. Mr Easton is a shareholder employee of Craigs Investment Partners Ltd (CIP). CIP provide investment management, portfolio administration and transactional broking services to both the Foundation and the Trust, for which they receive annual management fees and general transactional brokerage fees. All transactions are conducted on a discounted commercial arms length basis. Custodial and monitors fees of \$28,081 (2021: \$20,427), and brokerage fees of \$46,526 (2021: \$13,974) were paid to CIP for the year. A balance of \$nil was outstanding as at 30 June 2022 (2021: \$698).

The CEO is in a relationship with the Chief Executive Officer of Mercy Hospital. The Hospital donated \$70,000 to the Hospice during the year (2021: \$70,000). The Group purchased goods and services of \$1,779 (GST exclusive) from the Hospital (2021: \$743).



12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Sales and Receivables

During the year the Group received \$6,218 (GST exclusive) of fundraising and services income from Trustees and related parties on normal trade terms and conditions (2021: \$3,587). \$2,376 (GST inclusive) was receivable as at balance date (2021: \$575).

Key Management Personnel

The key management personnel are members of the governing body which comprised the Board of Trustees, CEO and Senior Management Team. During the year ended 30 June 2022, no remuneration was paid to the Board of Trustees (2021: Nil). The aggregate remuneration of key management personnel and the number of individuals, determined on a full-time equivalent basis, receiving remuneration is as follows:

	2022	2021
Total Remuneration	\$902,656	\$818,989
Number of persons (FTEs)	4.6	4.7

13. TOTAL EQUITY

Total equity of the Group includes \$15,833,399 (2021: \$14,055,638) which is the total funds of the Foundation. These funds include a share revaluation reserve of \$1,140,070 (2021 \$2,150,681) to recognise unrealised gains on equities held by the Foundation.



14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

	2022	2021
Loan and Receivables	\$	\$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,325,280	1,851,395
Receivables	764,165	521,675
Investments – Bank deposits	164,771	573,802
Total Loan and Receivables	2,254,216	2,946,872
Available-for-sale Financial Assets	\$	\$
Investments – Equity securities	7,039,697	4,839,654
Total Loan and Receivables	7,039,697	4,839,654
Held-to-maturity Financial Assets	\$	\$
Investments – Debt securities	4,599,723	5,836,014
Total Loan and Receivables	4,599,723	5,836,014
Financial Liabilities Measured at Amortised Cost	\$	\$
Payables	295,853	226,280
Finance Lease payable		31,155
Total Financial Liabilities	295,853	257,435

15. FINANCE LEASES PAYABLE

	2022	2021
Finance Leases Payable	\$	\$
Not later than one year	-	31,155
Later than one year and no later than five years	-	-
Later than five years		_
Total Finance Leases Payable	-	31,155

The Group purchased 8 motor vehicles in 2019 through finance leases, for a period of 36 months at an interest rate of 3.9% per annum, which matured in December 2021.



16. GROUP ENTITIES

Name of entity	Principal activity	Place of incorporation
Otago Community Hospice Trust (parent)	To provide hospice services in Otago.	Dunedin
The Gordon Allen Foundation Trust (controlled entity)	To invest funds and provide financial assistance for specialist palliative care of the terminally ill in the province of Otago.	Dunedin

The Trust and Foundation have a 30 June 2022 balance date. All transactions and balances between the Trust and Foundation are offset in these consolidated financial statements.

17. LEASE COMMITMENTS

As at the reporting date, the Trust has entered into the following non-cancellable operating leases:

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Not later than one year	107,077	101,901
Later than one year and no later than five years	41,505	80,819
Later than five years	-	_
	148,582	182,720

18. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

The Group has no commitments as at 30 June 2022. (2021 \$60,000 renovation commitment).

19. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Group has no contingent liabilities at 30 June 2022 (2021: nil).

20. EVENTS AFTER BALANCE DATE

The Group entered into the following lease since 30 June 2022:

Clutha Recreation Centre Inc T/A Cross Recreation Centre lease for 1 year commencing 19
 July 2022 at \$9,000 per annum (GST inclusive).



There were no other events since 30 June 2022 that would materially impact these financial statements.

21. SEPARATE FOUNDATION

The Gordon Allen Foundation Trust operates independently to Otago Community Hospice Trust. It receives donations, bequests and investment income and makes grants to support the Hospice. Certain investments owned by the Foundation are held in trust and are not available for the Hospice's operating activities.

22. COVID-19 VIRUS

The Covid-19 virus pandemic which resulted in a lockdown throughout New Zealand from 24 March 2020 to mid May 2020, and again in August and September 2021 caused a reduction in fundraising income due to the closure of the charity shops and cancellation of events. The pandemic is not expected to significantly impact the future activities of the Trust.





Independent Auditor's Report

to the Trustees of Otago Community Hospice Trust

Our Qualified Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Otago Community Hospice Trust (the Trust) and its subsidiary (the Group, which consists of the Trust and The Gordon Allen Foundation Trust) which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022 and the consolidated statement of comprehensive revenue and expense, the consolidated statement of changes in net assets/equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and the notes to the consolidated financial statements that include a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, except for the effect of any adjustments that might have been necessary had we been able to obtain sufficient evidence concerning donations and fundraising income as described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Group as at 30 June 2022 and its financial performance and cash flows for the year ended on that date in accordance with the accounting standard, Public Benefit Entities Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime (PBE Standards RDR).

Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with other organisations of a similar nature, control over the revenues from donations, fundraising and similar income prior to being banked is limited. It was not practicable to extend our examination of such income beyond the accounting for amounts received as shown by the accounting records of the Trust, or to determine the effect of the limited control.

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) (ISAs (NZ)). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with Professional and Ethical Standard 1 (Revised) *Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners* issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code)*, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Other than in our capacity as auditors we have no relationship with, or interests in, the Group.

Trustees' Responsibilities for the consolidated financial statements

The Trustees are responsible, on behalf of the Trust, for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Public Benefit Entities Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime (PBE Standards RDR) and for such internal control as the Trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements the Trustees are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustees either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (NZ) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material, if individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements is located on the External Reporting Board website:

https://xrb.govt.nz/Site/Auditing Assurance Standards/Current Standards/Page8.aspx

Restriction on Use of our Report

This report is made solely to the Trustees as a body. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Trustees those matters which we are required to state in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Trust and the Trustees, as a body, for our audit work, for this report or for the opinions we have formed.

And Infernals
Chartered Accountants
17 October 2022

Dunedin